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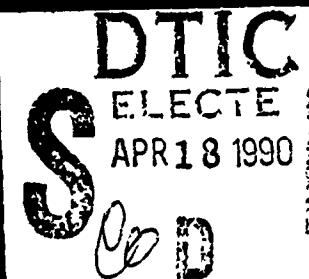
# GUIDE FOR THE USE OF INTERGRAPH RANDMICA STRUCTURAL SOFTWARE FOR COMPUTER-AIDED DESIGN AND DRAFTING (CADD)

CADD Center

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

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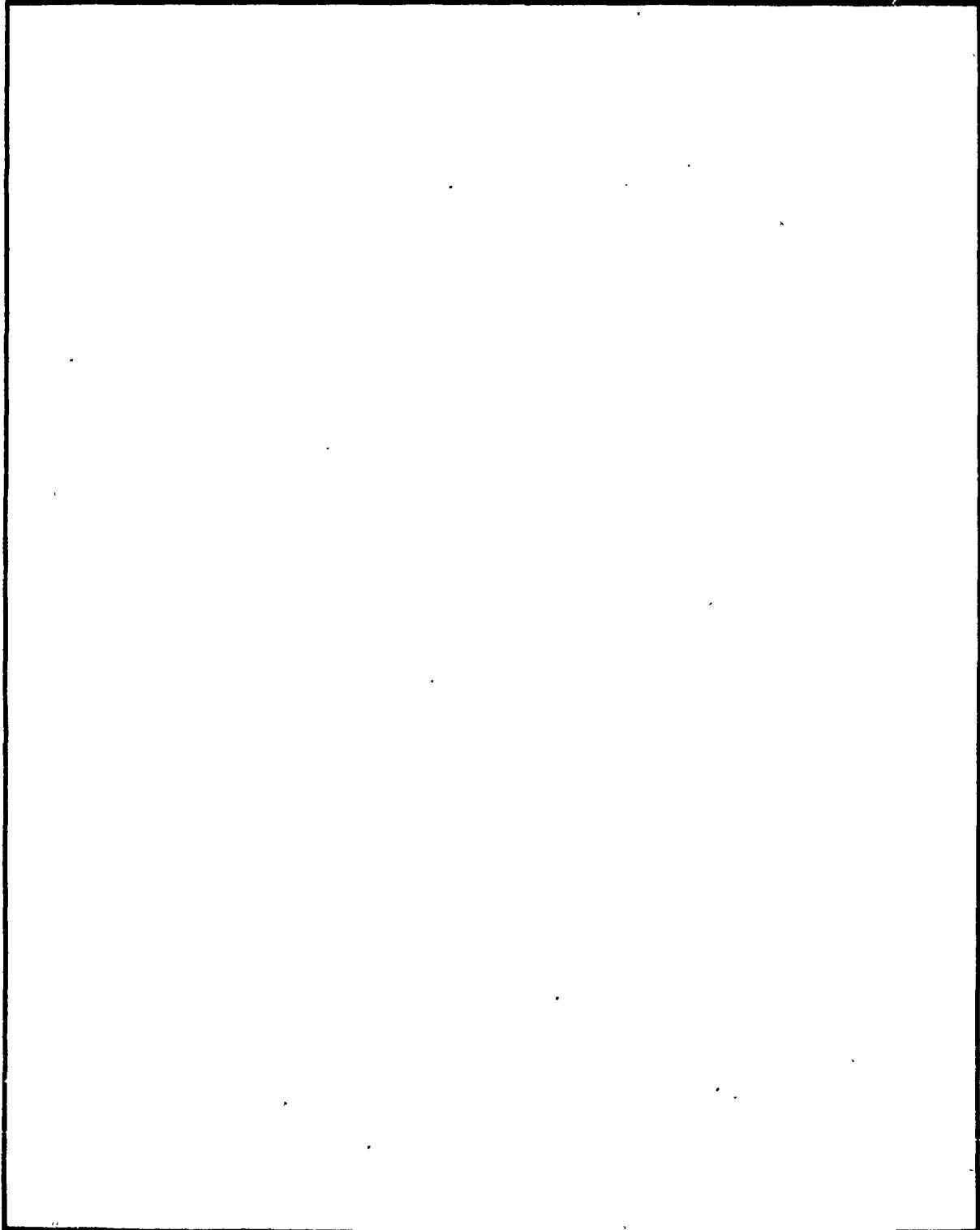
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## PREFACE

This Guide describes procedures to be used by all US Army Corps of Engineers personnel using the structural analysis software RandMicas. Following the procedures in this guide should simplify the process of model generation, load application, and structural analysis.

The Guide establishes procedures for using the software by giving detailed steps for four typical structural models. Suggestions and recommendations are given that should reduce repetition of work and eliminate avoidable errors.

The following references were of great assistance in preparation of the Guide:

Intergraph-RandMicas (IRM) Analysis Graphics Interface (Structural), November 1, 1988. Intergraph Corporation, Huntsville, AL

Intergraph-RandMicas (IRM) Analysis User's Guide with Alphanumeric Interface, November 1, 1988, Intergraph Corporation, Huntsville, AL

Permission to use the copyrighted material was received from Intergraph Corporation.

The Computer-Aided Design and Drafting Center (CADD-C) convened a group of structural engineers to create the examples in this guide. Members of the group included Mr. Dean Spenser, Savannah District, Mr. Paul Blackburn, Tulsa District, Mr. Elias Arredondo, Sacramento District, and Mr. Robert Grause, Intergraph Corporation. The Guide was compiled by Mr. Steven Hatton, structural engineer, CADD Center, Information Technology Laboratory. The time consuming efforts of all participants in the preparation of this Guide are gratefully acknowledged. The work was performed under the direction of Dr. N. Rahdakrishan, Chief, Information Technology Laboratory (ITL), Dr. Edward Middleton and Mr. Carl S. Stephens, Chiefs of the Computer-Aided Engineering Division and the CADD-C respectively. The Commander and Director and Technical Director of WES during the preparation of this Guide were COL Larry B. Fulton and Mr. Robert W. Whalin, respectively.

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## 1. Introduction

### 1.1 Purpose and Scope

The purpose of this report is to present step by step procedures for the solution of some common structural models using Intergraph's RandMicas. It is an attempt to familiarize new users with the operation of IRM by providing hands on experience with checkable results. No attempt is made to reproduce the User's Guide for RandMicas. It is assumed that the user is familiar with the fundamentals of IGDS, and has some exposure to SMS, and IRM. Reference is made to the Intergraph manuals for these products for specific instructions.

### 1.2 Origin of Guide

Groundwork for this report began in a meeting at the Sacramento District in April 1989. At this meeting, the "SWAT" team, Messrs. Dean Spenser, Savannah District; Paul Blackburn, Tulsa District; Robert Grause, Intergraph Corporation; and Elias Arredondo, Sacramento District; created example problems 1-4 respectively. They each prepared an outline of the procedure required to generate and analyze their specific problem. The CADD Center assimilated these outlines into a common format and produced this guide.

### 1.3 Creation of the Model

a. When modeling a complex geometric structure with IRM Version 8.8.2, it is recommended that the user begin the process in the Structural Modeling System (SMS), formerly CSM. SMS facilitates the modeling of structures by allowing the user to select members directly from the AISC or user defined tables. The user will not be required to input mechanical and physical properties for the members since they are automatically stored. Version 8.8.3 of IRM provides a similar modeling approach and reduces the need for this interim step. However, the drawing extraction feature of SMS may still make it a desirable place to begin modeling.

b. If a structure has been created through SMS, it can be written to the Common Structural Database (CSD) and accessed by IRM through the use of a .BLU, or "blue" file. Loads and node constraints are then placed in IRM and the structure is ready for analysis.

c. Appendix A contains guidance for accessing IRM and creating a typical project. The example given is for a 3D model using the Intergraph default database as a seed file. Other model types or customized seed files may be used in a similar way.

## 1.4 Coordinate System, Sign Convention, and Units

IRM uses a global coordinate system which is based upon a right-handed Cartesian coordinate system. All angles, rotations, and moments are based upon the right-hand rule. Output is given in the global system except for line elements and shell elements which are output in their local systems. Translations and forces are positive when acting in the positive direction of their axes. Units of output are consistent with those selected in the model database and those input into the load vector.

## 1.5 Generation of Output

a. The format for output for an IRM run must be setup prior to analyzing the model. The Analysis Setup Menu provides a great deal of flexibility to the user for determining what the output will contain and how the analysis should be performed. The analysis setup may be done in the alphanumeric environment or from the screen menu in the Graphics Interface.

b. Repetitive entering of the Analysis Setup may be avoided by utilizing a customized seed file when creating a project file. Commonly used options for the Analysis Setup include:

1. Turn on the Automatic Node Stabilization from "Processing Options-General Processing Options".
2. Select static analysis from "Processing - Solution Modes".
3. From "Results Options - Static and Response Spectrum", turn on Load Case Results, Load Combination Results, Node Displacements, and Line Element End Actions.
4. From "Report Selection-Model Definition", turn on Analysis Options and Model Summary, Units, Load Case/Load Combination Data, Line Element Data, and Line Element Loads.
5. From "Report Selection-Results", turn on Solution Statistics and Unstable Node Report, as well as desired reactions, displacements, and end actions.

c. Output generated upon completion of an IRM analysis will generate three print files of the format (Your Project Name)00i.PTR. File 001 will contain project units, load case and combination data, material properties, node coordinates, and element properties. File 002 will be the node stabilization report. File 003 contains the specified output including the process warning report, displacements, reactions, and member forces. The 00i number of the files will increase each time the model is analyzed unless previous files have been deleted. These files may be output to a printer or viewed on screen with a text editor.

## 2. Specific Example Problem Instructions

### 2.1 Cantilevered Beam

a. Description: This is a simple demonstration problem consisting of one 10 foot long cantilevered steel beam, fixed at the left end, with a concentrated load of 1 kip located at the right end and directed downwards. The self-weight of the beam will also be included in this analysis. See Appendix B for typical results output and a model sketch.

b. Solution Approach: No special seed file is used for this problem, therefore, all parameters not adequately set by the product default seed file will be set in this example.

#### c. Input Problem Data:

##### (1) Begin model by setting display characteristics:

- Select ACTIVE PARAMS.
- Select MODELING PARAMETERS - LABELS.
- Toggle to LABEL FOR Nodes.
- Set levels, colors, etc. as desired. Recommend size be 30 dits for 1/8" scale plotting.
- SAVE and repeat for Elements, then SAVE and RETURN.
- Select LOADING PARAMETERS - NODAL LOADS.
- Select NODAL LOAD VECTORS.
- Set display attributes of loads. Recommend:  
L1=2, L2=4, F1=1, and F2=5.
- SAVE and Exit all tutorials.

##### (2) Set material types and element properties:

- Select MATERIAL.
- Select ISOTROPIC and set material values. For this example use an A36 steel beam.
- Set Density Flag to Weight.
- Return OK and BYE
- Select ELEMENT PROPS - BEAM ELEMENT STANDARD SECTION PROPERTIES.
- Keyin W8X24 for Section Name.
- Return OK and BYE.
- Select PLACEMENT DATA PARAMS.
- Toggle Design Type to BEAM.
- Select Material as A36 and keyin W8X24 for element property.
- Set the Cardinal Point at 8 (Top of steel).
- Set no member end releases.
- Toggle all prompt boxes to no.
- Exit tutorial.

(3) Place member directly without first placing IGDS element:

- Keyin VI=Front and select a view.
- Select PLACE - MEMBER - BEAM and give a dp for the left end of the beam in the front view.
- Keyin DX=10,0,0.
- Reset twice.
- Select LABEL and COMPONENT NODE.
- Place dp in the front view for UID.
- Select GROUP ALL, Reset to backup, and place dp for permanent labels.
- Select COMPONENT MEMBER.
- Repeat labeling procedure for members.
- Reset to Exit.

(4) Generate loads and place onto the beam:

- Select GENERAL LOADS - CASE/COMB.
- Select LOAD CASE and keyin: LC1, static analysis Dead load, Active, etc.
- SAVE
- Keyin: LC2, static analysis, Dead load, Active, etc.
- Save and select LOAD COMB.
- Set Load Combination Name to: COMB1.
- Set Load Combination to: LC1+0.75\*LC2
- Set the Global Multiplier to: 1.0
- Save and Exit tutorials.
- Select PLACE - LOAD - NODE CONCENTRATED.
- Keyin: LC2, 0 (for Force), RESET (to reorient vector), (0,0,-1), 1 (magnitude).
- Snap to Node 2 and dp to accept.
- Reset 3 times and Exit tutorial.

(5) Set Boundary Conditions (Supports):

- Select BC's command and CONSTRAINTS.
- Toggle fixity to: T1 T2 T3 / R1 R2 R3
- dp to accept.
- Select node 1 for single component and accept.
- Reset twice and Exit tutorial.

(6) Setup Analysis:

- Select ANALYSIS SETUP.
- Select PROCESSING - SOLUTION MODES.
- Select STATIC ANALYSIS.
- Select RESULTS OPTIONS - STATIC & RESPONSE SPECTRUM.
- Toggle on items: 4, 5, 6, 9, & 10.
- Select REPORT SELECTION - MODEL DEFIN.
- Toggle on items: 2, 3, 6, 12, 16, & 18.
- Select REPORT SELECTION - RESULTS.

- Toggle on items: 7, 8, & 16.
- Exit tutorial.
- File Design.
- Stop IRM and exit design file.

d. Execute Analysis:

(1) Self-weight loads must be applied in the alphanumeric environment. To set self weight loads, after exiting the design file:

- Select option #6 to Terminate.
- Select option #2, Alphanumeric Interface.
- Select option #1, Analysis.
- Select option #7, Load Entry.
- Select option #3, Line Element Load Entry.
- Keyin LC1 for Load Case Number.
- Keyin 1 for Line Element.
- On one line at the LOAD prompt keyin:  
BODY Z -.49
- Keyin END at the Line Element prompt.
- Exit to the ANALYZE JOB Option #9 and select.
- Choose between Interactive or Batch.
- Exit IRM.

## 2.2 2D Rigid Frame

a. Description: This example is a three member moment resisting frame, comprised of two twenty-foot columns pinned at the base, and a twenty-foot beam connecting them at the top. The beam is loaded full length with a 1 kip/ft uniform dead load. One column is loaded at the top with a 2 kip concentrated lateral live load. See Appendix C for typical results output and a model sketch.

b. Solution Approach: IRM was used to create the model for this example. A customized seed file was used to create the project. The seed file presets all parameters required for this analysis which are not specifically set in this example.

c. Input Problem Data:

(1) The structure was drawn graphically using IGDS commands. The sequence of commands is as follows:

- Type LV=1 to place structure on level one.
- Type VI=FRONT and select a view by placing a data point(dp) in that view.
- Select the PLACE LINE command.
- Place a dp for the bottom of the left column.
- Type DX=0,20,0
- Type DX=20,0,0

- Type DX=0,-20,0
- Reset

(2) Set material properties and element type through the following commands:

- Select the MATERIAL command.
- Select ISOTROPIC from the tutorial.
- Verify that the material listed is A36 steel.
- Change or "RETURN OK" and BYE.
- Select the ELEMENT PROPS command.
- Select BEAM ELEMENT STANDARD SECTION PROPERTIES.
- Verify that the AISC table is listed as current.
- Keyin W18X35 for Section Name.
- Return OK and Bye.

(3) Define the load parameters to set levels, colors, and relative magnitudes of load cases with the following:

- Select the ACTIVE PARAMS command.
- Select LOADING PARAMETERS - ELEMENT LOADS.
- Select LINE ELEMENT LOAD PARAMS - L.E. DISTRIBUTED.
- Set the appropriate boxes to:  
L1=1.75 L2=3.75 F1=1 F2=5
- SAVE and Return
- Select LINE ELEMENT LOAD PARAMS - L.E. CONCENTRATED
- Set the appropriate boxes to:  
L1=2 L2=4 F1=1 F2=5
- Save and Exit the tutorial completely.

(4) To set the member placement parameters the following steps should be used:

- Select PLACEMENT DATA PARAMS
- Toggle design type field to BEAM  
Material Property = A36  
Element Property = W18X35  
No member end releases  
Cardinal Point(CP) = 15 (shear center)  
Angle = 0
- Toggle element type field to COLUMN
- Repeat the beam parameters but place a dp in the element property prompt box. This will cause you to be prompted for the section when placing the columns.
- Exit

(5) Set up the load cases and load case combinations in the following manner:

- Select the GENERAL LOADS - CASE/COMB command.
- Choose LOAD CASE from the tutorial

Load Case Name: LC1	LC2
Analysis Type : Static	
Load Type : Dead	Live
Active : Yes	Yes
Convert Nodes : No	No
Level : 20	21
Color : 2	4
	SAVE
	SAVE

-Choose LOAD COMB

Load Case Combination Name: COMB1	
Load Combination : LC1+LC2	
Multiplier : 1	

-SAVE and Exit Tutorial

(6) Place the beam and columns through the following commands:

- Select PLACE MEMBER with active design type COLUMN.
- Place a dp at the bottom of the left column and then another at the top.
- Type in W10X22 for the element property.
- Reset to the "start of member" prompt.
- Place a dp at the top of the right column and then another at the bottom.
- Keyin W12x53.
- Reset to start of member prompt.
- Select active design type BEAM.
- Place a dp at the start and end of the beam.
- Reset out of the command.

(7) Establish Boundary Conditions with the following:

- Select the BC's command and CONSTRAINT (The first box of the tutorial that appears.)
- Hit dp or resets to modify the constraints until they appear as: T1 T2 T3 / R1 R3
- Select Group Fence and place a fence around both column bases.
- Accept group of two column bases.
- Reset twice and exit the tutorial.

(8) Apply the loads to the structure as follows:

- Select PLACE and the component LOAD.
- Select the uniformly distributed load symbol.
- Answer the prompts: LC1, Global Direct, Z, -1
- Select SINGLE as the group and place a dp on the beam.
- dp to accept then reset three times to Exit.
- Select the NODE LOAD - CONCENTRATED
- Answer the prompts: LC2, Force, Reset (to reorient the load vector), (1,0,0), 2

- Place a dp at the upper node on the left column and another to accept the node.
- Reset three times and exit the tutorial.
- File Design.

d. Execute Analysis: If the Analysis Setup was not set in the seed file it will have to be set at this point. In this example, the output format was specified in the seed file. The structure may now be analyzed by selecting the ANALYZE command at the top of the AEC Menu.

### 2.3 2D Hanger Truss

a. Description: The problem involves a 2D model of an aircraft hanger truss. The truss is comprised of wide flanges and WT sections. Concentrated loads are applied at various top and bottom chord panel points in five separate load cases. See Appendix D for typical results output and a model sketch.

b. Solution Approach: This problem was analyzed by inputting members directly into the IRM model without using SMS or IGDS graphics. The main objective of this example is to show how a 2D model can be analyzed in a 3D Thin Shell model. This will be desirable in many cases primarily because the vertical axis may be set to Z, allowing direct translations to and from SMS. By using the "Active/Inactive" capability of IRM, this method can also be used to analyze and design 2D portions of a full 3D model. Almost all Active, Element, Material, and Analysis Setup parameters can be set in the seed file and are done so in this example. Procedures for presetting these parameters is as described in the preceding examples.

#### c. Input Problem Data:

##### (1) Set physical member parameters:

- Select PLACEMENT DATA PARAMS.
- Set design type to COLUMN.
- Set element property to W12X50.
- Set Orientation to VECTOR (1, 0, 0).
- Set Cardinal Point prompt box to On.
- Set design type to BEAM.
- Set element property to WT7X49.5.
- Set Orientation to VECTOR (0, 0, 1).
- Set member end releases to:  
Start: RY RZ End: RY RZ
- Turn on prompt boxes for Rotate Section Properties and Cardinal Point.
- Set design type to BRACE.
- Keyin WT4X9 as section name, Card. Point = 15.
- Set Orientation to VECTOR (0, 0, 1).
- Turn on prompt for Rotate Section Properties

and orientation.  
-Exit the tutorial.

(2) Set AEC locks:

-Select LOCKS command.  
-Verify AEC locks set to: At Connection, On  
Split New Member, Unloaded Interior, Yes, Yes  
-Exit the tutorial.

(3) Place physical members:

-Select PLACE MEMBER COLUMN.  
-Keyin XY=0,0,0 for start of member.  
-Keyin DL=0,0,39.5 for end of member.  
-For Cardinal Point keyin 2 and dp to accept.  
-Reset to backup and tentative snap to the base of  
first member.  
-Keyin DL=6:11.5,0,0 for start and DL=0,0,39.5 for end.  
-Set Cardinal Point to 8, dp to accept, resets to exit.  
-Select PLACE MEMBER BEAM, snap to top of the first  
column and place a dp.  
-Keyin DL=46.5,0,0 for the end of the member.  
-Select 15 for Cardinal Point and dp to accept.  
-Reset twice to exit command.

(4) Relocate top chord to correct position.

-Select the MOVE END ASSOCIATIVE command.  
-Snap to right end of the top chord and accept.  
-Keyin DL=0,0,7.5.  
-dp to accept and reset to exit.

(5) Continue placing web members:

-Select PLACE MEMBER BRACE.  
-Snap and dp at bottom of second column.  
-Snap to bottom of first column and keyin DL=0,0,4.  
-Accept default Orientation and Vector.  
-At Orientation ? prompt give dp to accept.  
-At End of Member prompt, snap to bottom of second  
column and keyin DL=0,0,8.  
-Repeat procedure  $\rightarrow$  place all web members. (Spacing  
varies see Appendix D)  
-Reset twice to exit.

(6) Relocate end of second column.

-Set AEC associative move lock to Proportionality.  
-Select MOVE END ASSOCIATIVE command.  
-Snap to base of second column and accept.

-Keyin XY=2,0,0.  
-dp to accept and reset to exit.

(7) Mirror copy placed members and nodes.

-Zoom out in the ISO view.  
-Select MIRROR COPY command.  
-Verify Component is set to Member and set Group to View.  
-Accept highlighted group and keyin C for copy.  
-Snap to the centerline of the truss in the Front View.  
-Keyin DL=0,0,1 and dp to accept mirrored copy.  
-Reset to exit.

(8) Modify Cardinal Points of copied columns.

-Select the Edit Cardinal point command.  
-Follow prompts to modify the left column to CP=2 and the right column to CP=8.

(9) Place the bottom chord of the truss.

-Select PLACE MEMBER BEAM and snap to desired nodes on column one and two.  
-Keyin a CP of 10 and dp to accept.  
-Reset until section icon is oriented correctly, then place a dp.  
-Reset to Exit.

(10) Place truss web members.

-Select PLACE MEMBER BRACE and place similar to column web members. Member sizes are shown in Appendix D.

(11) Set Boundary Conditions as done for the Rigid Frame.

(12) Set up Load Entry by selecting the CASE/COMB command and setting up as follows:

NAME	LEVEL	COLOR
Body	9	2
Dead	21	2
Live	22	4
Cranerail	23	1
WindX	24	7

(13) Set the load combinations similarly by selecting the CASE/COMB command and setting up as follows:

NAME	COMBINATION
COMB1	BODY+DEAD+LIVE
COMB2	BODY+DEAD+LIVE+CRANERAIL
COMB3	BODY+DEAD+LIVE+WINDX
COMB4	BODY+DEAD+LIVE+CRANERAIL+WINDX

-Set the Global Multiplier to 1.0 for combinations 1 and 2, and to .75 for combinations 3 and 4.

(14) Place loads on structure.

-Select PLACE LOADS CONCENTRATED NODAL.

-Follow the prompts to place the following loads:

LOAD CASE	ORIENTATION	MAGNITUDE	GROUP
DEAD	0,0,1	-2.5	TOP CHORD
LIVE	0,0,1	-1.5	TOP CHORD
CRANERAIL	0,0,1	-5.0	3,9 BOTT CHORD
WINDX	1,0,0	1.8	TOP CHORD

(15) Exit place loads tutorial and Stop and Exit IRM.

d. Execute Analysis:

(1) Add dead weight of structure in alpha environment.

-From the Analysis Main Menu keyin LLD.

-Follow prompts to place a BODY load of -0.49 in the Z direction for members 1:200.

(2) If the Analysis Setup is not complete at this point it should be entered now.

-From the alpha main menu keyin SCAN (model info scan).

-From the alpha main menu keyin MREP (model def. rpt).

-From the alpha main menu keyin RREP (results report).

-Configure reports and analysis as in other examples.

(3) Execute analysis by selecting appropriate options from the alphanumeric environment menus.

## 2.4 3D Aircraft Hanger

a. Description: The problem involves a 3D model of an aircraft hanger 93' x 195'. Vertical and lateral support is provided by four braced steel frames, while longitudinal support is provided by spandrel trusses and a braced frame at the end of the hanger. Concentrated loads are applied at various top and bottom chord panel points. See Appendix E for typical results output and a model sketch.

b. Solution Approach:

(1) To begin modeling the problem, first enter SMS to create a database:

- Select option #1, "Create Structural Model".
- Input a name for the model.
- Choose a model size.
- Choose model units.
- Select option #3, "Run SMS Graphics".
- Keyin project name and answer prompts to attach menus.

(2) Setup project parameters as follows:

- Select the ACTIVE PARAMS and PROJECT commands.
- Set UNITS to English
- Select STEEL for material.
- Select AISC for section table.
- Select A36 for grade.
- Reset to Retain and Exit "Active Parameters".
- Select FILE command.

(3) Use IGDS commands to lay out complex geometry prior to placing members. Place structural members into the database using SMS commands. A brief summary of member placement is as follows:

(4) To place columns:

- Select PLACE ELEMENT - X-SECTION "COLUMN".
- Keyin column section name.
- Snap to start of column IGDS graphic element and dp.
- Snap and dp at end of column.

(5) Place all beams and braces for one bent in a similar way. Copy all members of the created bent by:

- Fit Front View.
- Select COPY MEMBER - GROUP FENCE.
- Place fence around entire bent.
- dp to accept group or modify.
- Select the base of one column as start point.
- Snap to base of same column and keyin "DX=0,0,-z" to copy the bent "z" feet.
- Repeat procedure to copy all bents required.

(6) Place beams and braces for the spandrel trusses just as for the bent frames. Use the COPY GROUP command as well to fill in between all bents.

(7) When the structure is complete, use the CSD command to WRITE the model to a .BLU (blue) file. The .BLU file will be

used by IRM for analysis.

- Select the CSD command from Utilities.
- Select WRITE from the tutorial.
- Select Active Group command ALL.
- dp to accept group.
- Keyin or accept default for .BLU file.
- Reset for default origin.
- Exit tutorial at completion.
- Stop SMS and Exit.

c. Input Problem Data:

(1) To begin the IRM analysis of the model enter IRM:

- Select option #3, "Structural Products Interface".
- Enter a new jobname.
- Use default database.
- Toggle to desired model size with ENTER key.
- Use same length units used when creating the CSD.

(2) Import Common Structural Database:

- Select option #1, "Common Structural Database to IRM Conversion".
- Enter the name of the .BLU file used in SMS.
- Enter '0,0,0' for Node Tolerance.
- Enter '0' for Complete Model.
- Select option #1, Unrestrained Supports.
- Pin all connections when prompted.
- The IRM Main Menu will then return.

(3) Enter the Graphics Interface.

(4) Set Boundary Conditions:

- Select BC's command and CONSTRAINTS.
- dp and Reset until constraints appear as:  
T1 T2 T3 /
- Select GROUP FENCE command and place fence around all column bases.

(5) Place loads: Refer to IRM manual for Load Placement commands.

d. Execute Analysis: If the Analysis Setup is not complete at this point it should be entered now. The member placement parameters and element types were placed into the database in SMS and imported to IRM previously. The structure may now be analyzed by selecting the ANALYZE command at the top of the AEC Menu or by entering the Alphanumeric Interface and executing the commands there.

### 3. Recommendations

#### 3.1 Modeling Recommendations

- a. Use of the Structural Modeling System (SMS) may simplify the creation of many models, particularly if using Version 8.8.2 of IRM. IGDS should be used to create the geometry of a complex structure and actual elements placed on the sketch once it is complete. This will make it easier to keep track of member orientations and help to keep the database clean.
- b. It is recommended that a thin shell model be used in order to promote economy in the structures analyzed in 3D and to eliminate problems associated with converting from 2D to 3D.
- c. When modeling a large structure the design file quickly becomes congested with elements and loads. The best way to alleviate this problem is to put members and separate load cases on different levels. In very large structures each group of members should be placed on a different level. When the model becomes too complex, some of the levels can be turned off. This becomes especially important when labeling member end releases, marked groups, member orientation, nodes, or members, since the display depth does not stop members in other planes from being labeled along with those in the current display. The user should plan his modeling sequence such that levels, colors, etc., are set prior to getting into any design file.
- d. The use of seed files to preset material properties, output format, output requirements, and other common file attributes will greatly simplify the use of IRM.

#### 3.2 Miscellaneous Recommendations

- a. Make nodes large enough to be visible when using the FLASH command and the UID group. Select the FLASH, NODE, and UID commands to locate unstable nodes identified in the Unstable Node Report.
- b. Never renumber nodes with the renumber UID command unless you are sending the model for third party processing and want to reduce the bandwidth. Renumbering will not relabel your model in a logical series or format. IRM will automatically renumber nodes internally to reduce the bandwidth but this will not affect your numbering scheme.
- c. Utilize available warning reports and review them until you are confident in the accuracy of the model. Look for unstable nodes and watch for unusually large, or small, nodal translations or rotations, which may indicate a modeling problem.

d. Beware of the ROTATE PROPERTIES command as it rotates the section properties but not the cross-section. In IRM, the local member axis and the start and end of a member determine the top and bottom of that member, such as may be required for lateral bracing. Therefore, if the outside face of a building is to be the top side of some columns, such that the girt spacings will determine the lateral bracing spacing for strong axis bending, the columns on one side of the building will have to be placed from the bottom up, with the opposite side columns being placed from the top down.

e. Recognize the power of the active/inactive element concept. The edit command can be used to make parts of the structure active or inactive for analysis, which can be used to quickly isolate a part of the structure to view its behavior in a 2D model.

f. Beware the database rebuild command. It rebuilds the IRM database but not IRMD. Anything done in steel or concrete design will be lost.

**APPENDIX A**  
**GETTING STARTED**

## APPENDIX A

### GETTING STARTED

Step #1 - Load all example files onto the system.  
#2 - Login to the system.  
#3 - Copy the seed file COESEED.\* into files named:

YOUR\_PROJECT\_NAME.\*

or accept the product default seed file when prompted in IRM.

#4 - -At the \$ prompt, keyin IRM.  
-Select Option #1, "Graphical Interface".  
-Select Option #2, "Structural Model Generation".  
-Keyin a Jobname (Design file w/o .DGN extension).  
-If COESEED was used go to CONTINUE, else.....  
-Accept default or keyin seed file database.  
-Toggle to correct model size.  
-Move cursor to "(CONTINUE)" then hit Enter key.  
-Keyin a job type description.  
-Toggle model type to Thin Shell.  
-Set desired type of Units.  
-CONTINUE  
-You will now be put into the design file.  
#5 - dp or Reset for pull-down menus.  
#6 - Attach table menu by reset or screen menu by placing a data point in any view but the Tutorial View.  
#7 - Type AM=MENU,CM to attach IGDS menu.

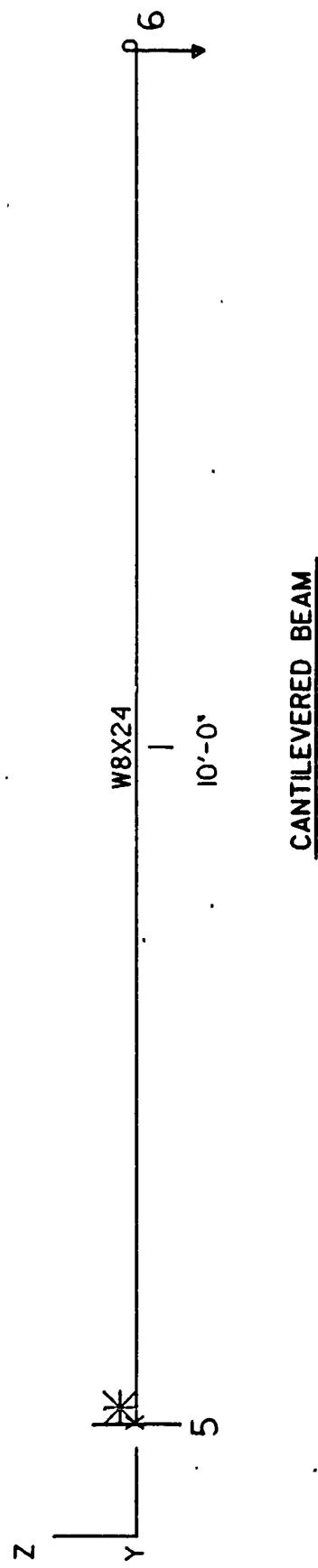
The example problems are in the following files:

CANTILEVERED BEAM - SPENCER.\*  
2D RIGID FRAME - BENT.\*  
2D HANGER TRUSS - COETRUSS.\*  
3D AIRCRAFT HANGER - HANGER.\*  
CSMHANG.\*

The seed file used for examples 2 and 4 was STEEL.\* and for examples 1 and 3, COESEED.\*. Output data for all example problems is in files of the form, PROJECT\_NAME00i.PTR.

**APPENDIX B**

**EXAMPLE NO. 1 - CANTILEVERED BEAM**



CANTILEVERED BEAM

\*\*\*\*\*  
spencer  
CANTILEVERED BEAM  
\*\*\*\*\*

IRM REV 8.8.3  
ANALYSIS NO.9

THIN SHELL

OCT 10, 1989 15:17  
PAGE 1

\*\*\* Units Definition \*\*\*

Unit Group	Unit
1 - Lengths	FEET
2 - Element Properties	INCHES
3 - Forces	KIPS
4 - Angles	Degrees
5 - Displacements	INCHES
6 - Masses	MASS
7 - Time	SECONDS
8 - Stress Forces	KIPS

Vertical Axis = Z

Gravitational Constant (g) = 32.2 FT /SEC /SEC

\*\*\*\*\*  
spencer  
CANTILEVERED BEAM  
\*\*\*\*\*

IRM REV 8.8.3  
ANALYSIS NO.9

THIN SHELL

OCT 10, 1989 15:17  
PAGE 2

\*\*\* Material Property Tables \*\*\*

Name/No. Table Data

A36	Material Type	= ISOTROPIC
1	Modulus of Elasticity (E)	= 29000.0 ksi.
	Poisson's Ratio (v)	= 0.3
	Shear Modulus (G)	= 11153.8457 ksi.
	Alpha	= 0.0
	Weight Density	= 0.49 k/ft^3.

\*\*\*\*\*

spencer  
CANTILEVERED BEAM

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ANALYSIS NO.9 THIN SHELL PAGE 3

\*\*\* Load Cases \*\*\*

Name/No.	Table Data
LC1	Analysis type = Static
3	Load case type = Dead load
	Status = Active
	Level = 9
	Color = 2
	Convert nodal loads to masses = No
LC2	Analysis type = Static
2	Load case type = Dead load
	Status = Active
	Level = 9
	Color = 2
	Convert nodal loads to masses = No

\*\*\*\*\*

spencer  
CANTILEVERED BEAM

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ANALYSIS NO.9 THIN SHELL PAGE 4

\*\*\* Load Combinations \*\*\*

Name/No.	Type	Print Results	Global Multiplier	Load Case Name	Load Case Multiplier
COMBI	Linear	Yes	1.0	LC1	1.0
2				LC2	0.75

\*\*\*\*\*

spencer  
CANTILEVERED BEAM

\*\*\*\*\*  
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ANALYSIS NO.9 THIN SHELL PAGE 5

\*\*\* Nodal Loads \*\*\*

Node Id/Label	Loc Type	Load Case	Load	Vector or Dof	Load Type
6	VEC GLOB	LC2	1.000	(0,0,-1)	FOR

\*\*\*\*\*

spencer  
CANTILEVERED BEAM

\*\*\*\*\*  
IRM REV 8.8.3 OCT 10, 1989 15:17  
ANALYSIS NO.9 THIN SHELL PAGE 6

\*\*\* Line Element \*\*\*

Element Id/Label	Element Type	A/I Properties	Material Properties	Element Properties	Design Type	Shr/Fict Stiff	Rot Prop
1	BEAM	A A36	W8X24	BEAM	NO	0	
		Angle of Roll = 0.000					
		Nodes: Start = 5		End = 6			
		I-J Length = 10.000		Number of VMD Segments = 16			
		Non-Rigid Length = 10.000		Cardinal Point = 15			
		Physical Member Id = 1		Reflection Axis = None			

\*\*\*\*\*  
spencer  
CANTILEVERED BEAM  
\*\*\*\*\*

IRM REV 8.8.3  
ANALYSIS NO.9

THIN SHELL

OCT 10, 1989 15:17  
PAGE 7

\*\*\* Line Element Loads \*\*\*

Element Label/Id	Load Case	Type	Frame Dir (Velocity)	Load Abs/ Rel	Location (Shape Factor)
1	LC1	BODY	GLOBAL Z	-0.490	

\*\*\*\*\*

spencer  
CANTILEVERED BEAM

IRN Rev 8.8.3

Analysis No. 7

OCT 6, 1989 15:55:23

Thin Shell

Page 1

\*\*\* Displacements \*\*\*

Node	Case/Cmb	TX IN	TY IN	TZ IN	RX DEG	RY DEG	RZ DEG
5	LC1 3	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC2 2	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	COMB1 2	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
6	LC1 3	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0217	1.439e-08	0.0138	0.0000
	LC2 2	0.0000	0.0000	-0.2399	1.792e-07	0.1718	0.0000
	COMB1 2	0.0000	0.0000	-0.2016	1.488e-07	0.1426	0.0000

\*\*\*\*\*

spencer  
CANTILEVERED BEAM

IRM Rev 8.8.3  
Analysis No. 7

Thin Shell

OCT 6, 1989 15:55:24  
Page 2

\*\*\* Displacements \*\*\*

Quantity	Limit	Value	Unit	Node	Ldcmb/Cs
TX	Max	0.0000	IN	5	LC1 3
	Min	0.0000	IN	5	LC1 3
TY	Max	0.0000	IN	5	LC1 3
	Min	0.0000	IN	5	LC1 3
TZ	Max	0.0000	IN	5	LC1 3
	Min	-0.2399	IN	6	LC2 2
RX	Max	1.792e-07	DEG	6	LC2 2
	Min	0.0000	DEG	5	LC1 3
RY	Max	0.1718	DEG	6	LC2 2
	Min	0.0000	DEG	5	LC1 3
RZ	Max	0.0000	DEG	5	LC1 3
	Min	0.0000	DEG	5	LC1 3

\*\*\*\*\*

spencer  
CANTILEVERED BEAM

\*\*\*\*\*  
IRM Rev 8.8.3 OCT 6, 1989 15:55:24  
Analysis No. 7 Thin Shell Page 3

\*\*\* Support Reactions \*\*\*

Node	Case/Cmb	FX KPS	FY KPS	FZ KPS	MX FT-KPS	MY FT-KPS	MZ FT-KPS
<hr/>							
5	LC1 3	0.0000	0.0000	0.2409	-1.256e-06	-1.2046	0.0000
	LC2 2	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	-1.043e-05	-10.0000	0.0000
	COMBI 2	0.0000	0.0000	0.9909	-9.080e-06	-8.7046	0.0000

\*\*\*\*\*

spencer  
CANTILEVERED BEAM

\*\*\*\*\*  
IRM Rev 8.8.3 OCT 6, 1989 15:55:24  
Analysis No. 7 Thin Shell Page 4

\*\*\* Support Reactions \*\*\*

Quantity	Limit	Value	Unit	Node	Ldcmbr/Cs
FX	Max	0.0000	KPS	5	LC1 3
	Min	0.0000	KPS	5	LC1 3
FY	Max	0.0000	KPS	5	LC1 3
	Min	0.0000	KPS	5	LC1 3
FZ	Max	1.0000	KPS	5	LC2 2
	Min	0.2409	KPS	5	LC1 3
MX	Max	-1.256e-06	FT-KPS	5	LC1 3
	Min	-1.043e-05	FT-KPS	5	LC2 2
MY	Max	-1.2046	FT-KPS	5	LC1 3
	Min	-10.0000	FT-KPS	5	LC2 2
MZ	Max	0.0000	FT-KPS	5	LC1 3
	Min	0.0000	FT-KPS	5	LC1 3

\*\*\*\*\*

spencer  
CANTILEVERED BEAM

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Analysis No. 7 Thin Shell Page 5

\*\*\* Line Element End Actions \*\*\*

Elem	Gas/Cmb Node	FX KPS	FY KPS	FZ KPS	MX FT-KPS	MY FT-KPS	MZ FT-KPS
<hr/>							
1							
LC1 3							
5	0.0000	0.2409	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.2046
6	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
LC2 2							
5	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	9.095e-13	0.0000	0.0000	10.0000
6	0.0000	-1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
COMBL 2							
5	0.0000	0.9909	0.0000	6.821e-13	0.0000	0.0000	8.7046
6	0.0000	-0.7500	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

\*\*\*\*\*

spencer  
CANTILEVERED BEAM

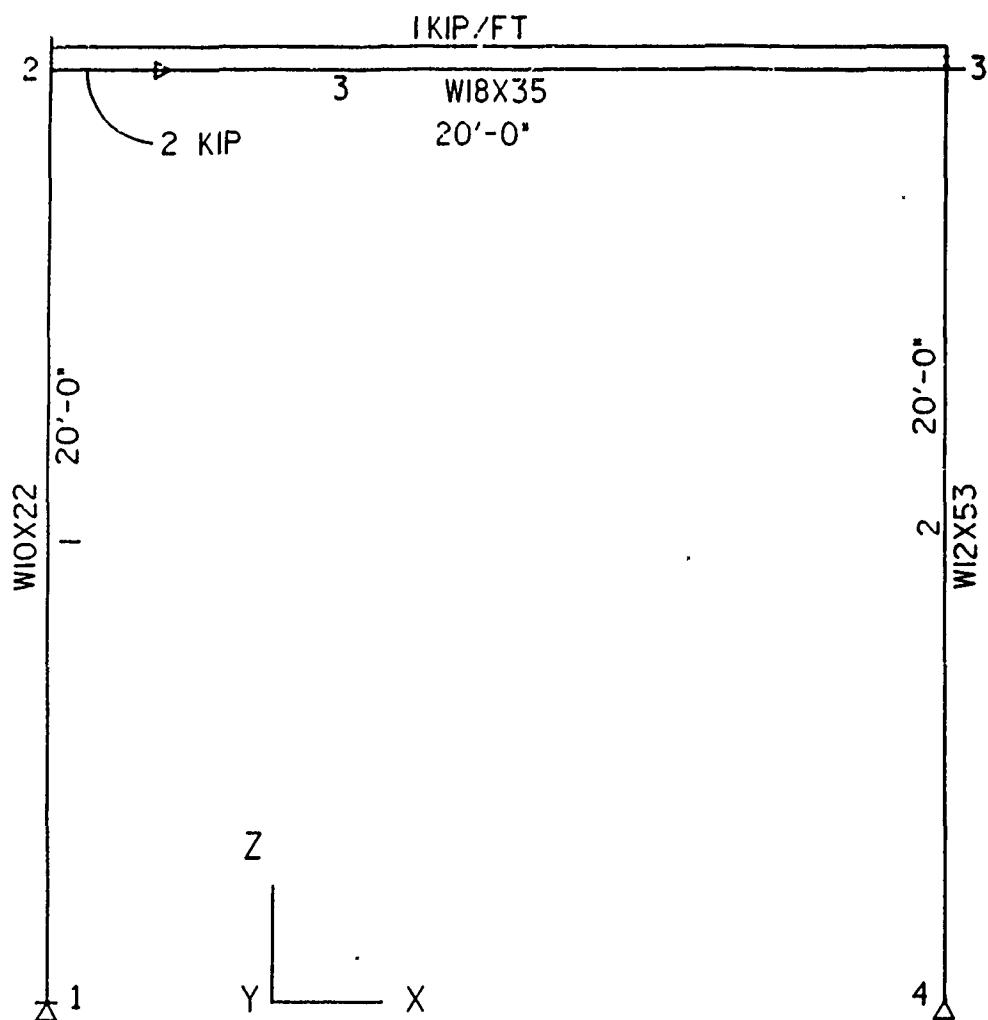
IRM Rev 8.8.3 OCT 6,1989 15:55:25  
Analysis No. 7 Thin Shell Page 6

\*\*\* Line Element End Actions \*\*\*

Quantity	Limit	Value	Unit	Elem	Node	Ldcmb/Gs
<hr/>						
FX	Max	0.0000	KPS	1	5	LC1 3
	Min	0.0000	KPS	1	5	LC1 3
FY	Max	1.0000	KPS	1	5	LC2 2
	Min	-1.0000	KPS	1	6	LC2 2
FZ	Max	0.0000	KPS	1	5	LC1 3
	Min	0.0000	KPS	1	5	LC1 3
MX	Max	9.095e-13	FT-KPS	1	5	LC2 2
	Min	0.0000	FT-KPS	1	5	LC1 3
MY	Max	0.0000	FT-KPS	1	5	LC1 3
	Min	0.0000	FT-KPS	1	5	LC1 3
MZ	Max	10.0000	FT-KPS	1	5	LC2 2
	Min	0.0000	FT-KPS	1	6	LC2 2

**APPENDIX C**

**EXAMPLE NO. 2 - 2D RIGID FRAME**



2D RIGID FRAME

\*\*\*\*\*

BENT  
RIGID FRAME

IRM REV 8.8.3  
ANALYSIS NO.11

THIN SHELL

OCT 6, 1989 09:20  
PAGE 1

\*\*\* Units Definition \*\*\*

Unit Group	Unit
1 - Lengths	FEET
2 - Element Properties	INCHES
3 - Forces	KIPS
4 - Angles	DEGREES
5 - Displacements	INCHES
6 - Masses	MASS
7 - Time	SECONDS
8 - Stress Forces	KIPS

Vertical Axis = Z

Gravitational Constant (g) = 32.2 FT /SEC /SEC

\*\*\*\*\*

BENT  
RIGID FRAME

IRM REV 8.8.3  
ANALYSIS NO.11

THIN SHELL

OCT 6, 1989 09:20  
PAGE 2

\*\*\* Material Property Tables \*\*\*

Name/No.	Table Data	
A36	Material Type	= ISOTROPIC
1	Modulus of Elasticity (E)	= 29000.0 ksi.
	Poisson's Ratio (v)	= 0.3
	Shear Modulus (G)	= 11153.8457 ksi.
	Alpha	= 0.0

\*\*\*\*\*

BENT  
RIGID FRAME

IRM REV 8.8.3  
ANALYSIS NO.11

THIN SHELL

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PAGE 3

\*\*\* Load Cases \*\*\*

Name/No.	Table Data	
LC1	Analysis type	= Static
1	Load case type	= Dead load
	Status	= Active
	Level	= 9
	Color	= 7
	Convert nodal loads to masses	= No
LC2	Analysis type	= Static
2	Load case type	= Live load
	Status	= Active
	Level	= 9
	Color	= 4
	Convert nodal loads to masses	= No

\*\*\*\*\*

BENT  
RIGID FRAME

IRM REV 8.8.3  
ANALYSIS NO.11

THIN SHELL

OCT 6,1989 09:20  
PAGE 4

\*\*\* Load Combinations \*\*\*

Name/No.	Type	Print Results	Global Multiplier	Load Case Name	Load Case Multiplier
COMBI	Linear	Yes	1.0	LC1	1.0
1				LC2	1.0

\*\*\*\*\*

BENT  
RIGID FRAME

\*\*\*\*\*  
IRM REV 8.8.3 OCT 6, 1989 09:20  
ANALYSIS NO.11 THIN SHELL PAGE 5

\*\*\* Nodal Loads \*\*\*

Node Id/Label	Loc Type	Load Case	Load	Vector or Dof	Load Type
2	VEC GLOB	LC2	2.000	(1,0,0)	FOR

\*\*\*\*\*

BENT  
RIGID FRAME

\*\*\*\*\*  
IRM REV 8.8.3 OCT 6, 1989 09:20  
ANALYSIS NO.11 THIN SHELL PAGE 6

\*\*\* Line Element \*\*\*

Element Id/Label	Element Type	A/I Properties	Element Properties	Design Type	Shr/Fict Stiff	Rot Prop
1	BEAM	A A36	W10X22	COLUMN	NO	0
		Angle of Roll = 0.000				
		Nodes: Start = 1		End = 2		
		I-J Length = 20.000		Number of VMD Segments = 2		
		Non-Rigid Length = 20.000		Cardinal Point = 15		
		Physical Member Id = 1		Reflection Axis = None		
2	BEAM	A 436	W12X53	COLUMN	NO	0
		Angle of Roll = 0.000				
		Nodes: Start = 3		End = 4		
		I-J Length = 20.000		Number of VMD Segments = 2		
		Non-Rigid Length = 20.000		Cardinal Point = 15		
		Physical Member Id = 2		Reflection Axis = None		
3	BEAM	A A36	W18X35	BEAM	NO	0
		Angle of Roll = 0.000				
		Nodes: Start = 2		End = 3		
		I-J Length = 20.000		Number of VMD Segments = 16		
		Non-Rigid Length = 20.000		Cardinal Point = 15		
		Physical Member Id = 3		Reflection Axis = None		

\*\*\*\*\*

BENT  
RIGID FRAME

IRM REV 8.8.3  
ANALYSIS NO.11

THIN SHELL

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PAGE 7

\*\*\* Line Element Loads \*\*\*

Element Label/Id	Load Case	Type	Frame Dir	Load (Velocity)	Abs/ Rel	Location (Shape Factor)
3	LC1	DIST	GLOBAL Z	-1.000		

\*\*\*\*\*

BENT  
RIGID FRAME

IRM Rev 8.8.3  
Analysis No. 12

Thin Shell

OCT 6,1989 09:21:09  
Page 1

\*\*\* Displacements \*\*\*

Node	Cas/Cmb	TX IN	TY IN	TZ IN	RX DEG	RY DEG	RZ DEG
<hr/>							
1	LC1 1	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.2967	0.0000
	LC2 2	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.2394	0.0000
	COMB1 1	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.9427	0.0000
2	LC1 1	-0.5860	0.0000	-0.0128	0.0000	0.1737	0.0000
	LC2 2	3.3984	0.0000	2.550e-03	0.0000	-0.0448	0.0000
	COMB1 1	2.8125	0.0000	-0.0102	0.0000	0.1288	0.0000
3	LC1 1	-0.5860	0.0000	-5.305e-03	0.0000	-0.1772	0.0000
	LC2 2	3.3970	0.0000	-1.061e-03	0.0000	0.1209	0.0000
	COMB1 1	2.8110	0.0000	-6.366e-03	0.0000	-0.0563	0.0000
4	LC1 1	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.1212	0.0000
	LC2 2	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.1560	0.0000
	COMB1 1	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0348	0.0000

\*\*\*\*\*

BENT  
RIGID FRAME

IRM Rev 8.8.3

Analysis No. 12

Thin Shell

OCT 6,1989 09:21:10

Page 2

\*\*\* Displacements \*\*\*

Quantity	Limit	Value	Unit	Node	Ldcmb/Cs
UX	Max	3.3984	IN	2	LC2 2
	Min	-0.5860	IN	3	LC1 1
UY	Max	0.0000	IN	1	LC1 1
	Min	0.0000	IN	1	LC1 1
UZ	Max	2.550e-03	IN	2	LC2 2
	Min	-0.0128	IN	2	LC1 1
RX	Max	0.0000	DEG	1	LC1 1
	Min	0.0000	DEG	1	LC1 1
RY	Max	1.2394	DEG	1	LC2 2
	Min	-0.2967	DEG	1	LC1 1
RZ	Max	0.0000	DEG	1	LC1 1
	Min	0.0000	DEG	1	LC1 1

\*\*\*\*\*

BENT  
RIGID FRAME

IRM Rev 8.8.3  
Analysis No. 12

Thin Shell

OCT 6, 1989 09:21:10  
Page 3

\*\*\* Support Reactions \*\*\*

Node	Cas/Cmb	FX KPS	FY KPS	FZ KPS	MX FT-KPS	MY FT-KPS	MZ FT-KPS
1	LC1 1	0.0942	0.0000	10.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC2 2	-0.2573	0.0000	-2.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	COMB1 1	-0.1631	0.0000	8.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC1 1	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
2	LC2 2	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	COMB1 1	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC1 1	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC2 2	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
3	COMB1 1	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC1 1	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC2 2	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	COMB1 1	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
4	LC1 1	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC2 2	-0.0942	0.0000	10.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	COMB1 1	-1.7427	0.0000	2.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	COMB1 1	-1.8369	0.0000	12.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

\*\*\*\*\*  
BENT  
RIGID FRAME  
\*\*\*\*\*

IRM Rev 8.8.3  
Analysis No. 12

Thin Shell

OCT 6, 1989 09:21:11  
Page 4

\*\*\* Support Reactions \*\*\*

Quantity	Limit	Value	Unit	Node	Locmb/Cs
FX	Max	0.0942	KPS	1	LC1 1
	Min	-1.8369	KPS	4	COMB1 1
FY	Max	0.0000	KPS	1	LC1 1
	Min	0.0000	KPS	1	LC1 1
FZ	Max	12.0000	KPS	4	COMB1 1
	Min	-2.0000	KPS	1	LC2 2
MX	Max	0.0000	FT-KPS	1	LC1 1
	Min	0.0000	FT-KPS	1	LC1 1
MY	Max	0.0000	FT-KPS	1	LC1 1
	Min	0.0000	FT-KPS	1	LC1 1
MZ	Max	0.0000	FT-KPS	1	LC1 1
	Min	0.0000	FT-KPS	1	LC1 1

\*\*\*\*\*

BENT  
RIGID FRAME

IRM Rev 8.8.3

OCT 6, 1989 09:21:11

Analysis No. 12

Thin Shell

Page 5

\*\*\* Line Element End Actions \*\*\*

ELEM	CAS/CMB	FX	FY	FZ	MX	MY	MZ
	Node	KPS	KPS	KPS	FT-KPS	FT-KPS	FT-KPS
<hr/>							
1							
LC1 1							
1 10.0000 0.0000 0.0942 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000							
2 -10.0000 0.0000 -0.0942 0.0000 -1.8846 0.0000 0.0000							
LC2 2							
1 -2.0000 0.0060 -0.2573 0.0000 8.327e-17 0.0000 0.0000							
2 2.0000 0.0000 0.2573 0.0000 5.1457 0.0000 0.0000							
COMB1 1							
1 8.0000 0.0000 -0.1631 0.0000 8.327e-17 0.0000 0.0000							
2 -8.0000 0.0000 0.1631 0.0000 3.2612 0.0000 0.0000							
2							
LC1 1							
3 10.0000 0.0000 0.0942 0.0000 -1.8846 0.0000 0.0000							
4 -10.0000 0.0000 -0.0942 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000							
LC2 2							
3 2.0000 0.0000 1.7427 0.0000 -34.8543 0.0000 0.0000							
4 -2.0000 0.0000 -1.7427 0.0000 1.776e-15 0.0000 0.0000							
COMB1 1							
3 12.0000 0.0000 1.8369 0.0000 -36.7388 0.0000 0.0000							
4 -12.0000 0.0000 -1.8369 0.0000 1.776e-15 0.0000 0.0000							
3							
LC1 1							
2 0.0942 10.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 1.8846							
3 -0.0942 10.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 -1.8846							
LC2 2							
2 1.7427 -2.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 -5.1457							
3 -1.7427 2.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 -34.8543							
COMB1 1							
2 1.8369 8.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 -3.2612							
3 -1.8369 12.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 -36.7388							

\*\*\*\*\*  
BENT  
RIGID FRAME  
\*\*\*\*\*

IRM Rev 8.8.3  
Analysis No. 12

Thin Shell

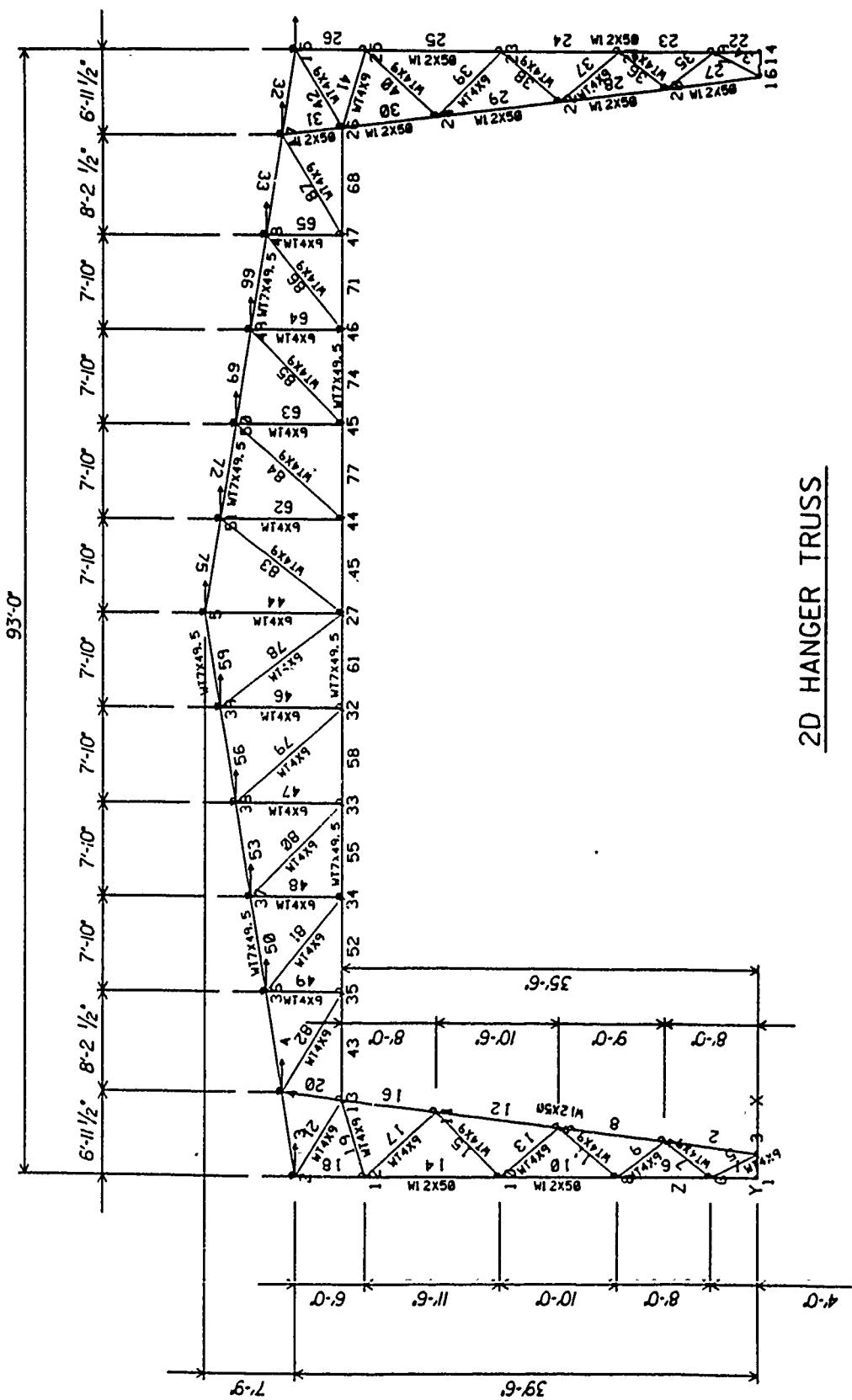
OCT 6, 1989 09:21:12  
Page 6

\*\*\* Line Element End Actions \*\*\*

Quantity	Limit	Value	Unit	Elem	Node	Ldcmb/Cs
FX	Max	12.0000	KPS	2	3	COMB1 1
	Min	-12.0000	KPS	2	4	COMB1 1
FY	Max	12.0000	KPS	3	3	COMB1 1
	Min	-2.0000	KPS	3	2	LC2 2
FZ	Max	1.8369	KPS	2	3	COMB1 1
	Min	-1.8369	KPS	2	4	COMB1 1
MX	Max	0.0000	FT-KPS	1	1	LC1 1
	Min	0.0000	FT-KPS	1	1	LC1 1
MY	Max	5.1457	FT-KPS	1	2	LC2 2
	Min	-36.7388	FT-KPS	2	3	COMB1 1
MZ	Max	1.8846	FT-KPS	3	2	LC1 1
	Min	-36.7388	FT-KPS	3	3	COMB1 1

**APPENDIX D**

**EXAMPLE NO. 3. - 2D HANGER TRUSS**



\*\*\*\*\*  
 COETRUS  
 2-D Aircraft Hanger Example  
 \*\*\*\*\*  
 IRM REV 8.8.3 OCT 11, 1989 13:38  
 ANALYSIS NO.8 THIN SHELL PAGE 1

\*\*\* Units Definition \*\*\*

Unit Group	Unit
1 - Lengths	FEET
2 - Element Properties	INCHES
3 - Forces	KIPS
4 - Angles	DEGREES
5 - Displacements	INCHES
6 - Masses	MASS
7 - Time	SECONDS
8 - Stress Forces	KIPS

Vertical Axis = Z

Gravitational Constant (g) = 32.2 FT /SEC /SEC

\*\*\*\*\*  
 COETRUS  
 2-D Aircraft Hanger Example  
 \*\*\*\*\*  
 IRM REV 8.8.3 OCT 11, 1989 13:38  
 ANALYSIS NO.8 THIN SHELL PAGE 2

\*\*\* Material Property Tables \*\*\*

Name/No.	Table Data
A36	Material Type = ISOTROPIC
1	Modulus of Elasticity (E) = 29000.0 ksi.
	Poisson's Ratio (v) = 0.3
	Shear Modulus (G) = 11153.8457 ksi.
	Alpha = 0.0

## COETRUSS

## 2-D Aircraft Hanger Example

IRN REV 8.8.3  
ANALYSIS NO.8OCT 11, 1989 13:38  
THIN SHELL PAGE 3

## \*\*\* Load Cases \*\*\*

Name/No.	Table Data	
BODY	Analysis type	= Static
1	Load case type	= Dead load
	Status	= Active
	Level	= 9
	Color	= 2
	Convert nodal loads to masses	= No
DEAD	Analysis type	= Static
2	Load case type	= Dead load
	Status	= Active
	Level	= 21
	Color	= 2
	Convert nodal loads to masses	= No
LIVE	Analysis type	= Static
3	Load case type	= Dead load
	Status	= Active
	Level	= 22
	Color	= 4
	Convert nodal loads to masses	= No
CRANERAIL	Analysis type	= Static
4	Load case type	= Dead load
	Status	= Active
	Level	= 23
	Color	= 1
	Convert nodal loads to masses	= No
WINDX	Analysis type	= Static
5	Load case type	= Dead load
	Status	= Active
	Level	= 24
	Color	= 7
	Convert nodal loads to masses	= No

\*\*\*\*\*

COETRUS  
2-D Aircraft Hanger Example

IRM REV 8.8.3  
ANALYSIS NO.8

OCT 11, 1989 13:38  
THIN SHELL

PAGE 4

\*\*\* Load Combinations \*\*\*

Name/No.	Type	Print Resu <sup>t</sup>	Global Multiplier	Load Case Name	Load Case Multiplier
COMB1 1	Linear	Yes	1.0	BODY	1.0
				DEAD	1.0
				LIVE	1.0
COMB2 2	Linear	Yes	1.0	BODY	1.0
				DEAD	1.0
				LIVE	1.0
				CRANERAIL	1.0
COMB3 3	Linear	Yes	0.75	BODY	1.0
				DEAD	1.0
				LIVE	1.0
				WINDX	1.0
COMB4 4	Linear	Yes	0.75	BODY	1.0
				DEAD	1.0
				LIVE	1.0
				CRANERAIL	1.0
				WINDX	1.0

\*\*\*\*\*  
 COETRUSS  
 2-D Aircraft Hanger Example  
 \*\*\*\*\*  
 IRM REV 8.8.3 OCT 11, 1989 13:38  
 ANALYSIS NO.8 THIN SHELL PAGE 5

\*\*\* Nodal Loads \*\*\*

Node Id/Label	Loc Type	Load Case	Load	Vector or Dof	Load Type
2	VEC GLOB	DEAD	-2.500	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	LIVE	-1.500	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	WINDX	1.800	(1,0,0)	FOR
4	VEC GLOB	DEAD	-2.500	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	LIVE	-1.500	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	WINDX	1.800	(1,0,0)	FOR
5	VEC GLOB	DEAD	-2.500	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	LIVE	-1.500	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	WINDX	1.800	(1,0,0)	FOR
15	VEC GLOB	DEAD	-2.500	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	LIVE	-1.500	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	WINDX	1.800	(1,0,0)	FOR
17	VEC GLOB	DEAD	-2.500	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	LIVE	-1.500	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	WINDX	1.800	(1,0,0)	FOR
34	VEC GLOB	CRANERAIL	-5.000	(0,0,1)	FOR
36	VEC GLOB		DEAD	-2.500	(0,0,1)
	VEC GLOB	LIVE	-1.500	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	WINDX	1.800	(1,0,0)	FOR
37	VEC GLOB	DEAD	-2.500	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	LIVE	-1.500	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	WINDX	1.800	(1,0,0)	FOR
38	VEC GLOB	DEAD	-2.500	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	LIVE	-1.500	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	WINDX	1.800	(1,0,0)	FOR
39	VEC GLOB	DEAD	-2.500	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	LIVE	-1.500	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	WINDX	1.800	(1,0,0)	FOR
46	VEC GLOB	CRANERAIL	-5.000	(0,0,1)	FOR
48	VEC GLOB		DEAD	-2.500	(0,0,1)
	VEC GLOB	LIVE	-1.500	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	WINDX	1.800	(1,0,0)	FOR
49	VEC GLOB	DEAD	-2.500	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	LIVE	-1.500	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	WINDX	1.800	(1,0,0)	FOR
50	VEC GLOB	DEAD	-2.500	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	LIVE	-1.500	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	WINDX	1.800	(1,0,0)	FOR
51	VEC GLOB	DEAD	-2.500	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	LIVE	-1.500	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	WINDX	1.800	(1,0,0)	FOR

\*\*\*\*\*

COETRUSS  
2-D Aircraft Hanger Example

IRM Rev 8.8.3  
Analysis No. 10

Thin Shell

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Page 1

\*\*\* Support Reactions \*\*\*

Node	Gas/Cmb	FX KPS	FY KPS	FZ KPS	MX FT-KPS	MY FT-KPS	MZ FT-KPS
<hr/>							
1	BODY 1	0.7325	0.0000	5.7545	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	DEAD 2	1.2678	0.0000	10.8800	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LIVE 3	0.7607	0.0000	6.5280	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	CRANERAIL 4	0.3968	0.0000	3.7462	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	WINDX 5	-3.7230	0.0000	-87.2170	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	COMB1 1	2.7610	0.0000	23.1625	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	COMB2 2	3.1577	0.0000	26.9087	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	COMB3 3	-0.7215	0.0000	-48.0408	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	COMB4 4	-0.4239	0.0000	-45.2312	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
3	BODY 1	0.2962	0.0000	3.9778	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	DEAD 2	1.0472	0.0000	5.3700	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LIVE 3	0.6283	0.0000	3.2220	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	CRANERAIL 4	0.5225	0.0000	1.2538	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	WINDX 5	-7.9770	0.0000	79.8219	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	COMB1 1	1.9718	0.0000	12.5697	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	COMB2 2	2.4943	0.0000	13.8235	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	COMB3 3	-4.5939	0.0000	69.2938	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	COMB4 4	-4.1121	0.0000	70.2341	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
14	BODY 1	-0.7325	0.0000	5.7545	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	DEAD 2	-1.2678	0.0000	10.8800	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

\*\*\*\*\*

COETRUS  
2-D Aircraft Hanger Example

IRM Rev 8.8.3  
Analysis No. 10

Thin Shell

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Page 2

\*\*\* Support Reactions \*\*\*

Node	Cas/Cmb	FX KPS	FY KPS	FZ KPS	MX FT-KPS	MY FT-KPS	MZ FT-KPS
<hr/>							
14	LIVE 3	-0.7607	0.0000	6.5280	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	CRANERAIL 4	-0.3958	0.0000	3.7462	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	WINDX 5	-3.7229	0.0000	87.2167	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	COMBI 1	-2.7609	0.0000	23.1625	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	COMB2 2	-3.1577	0.0000	26.9087	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	COMB3 3	-4.8629	0.0000	82.7844	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	COMB4 4	-5.1605	0.0000	85.5941	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
16	BODY 1	-0.2962	0.0000	3.9778	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	DEAD 2	-1.0472	0.0000	5.3700	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LIVE 3	-0.6283	0.0000	3.2220	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	CRANERAIL 4	-0.5225	0.0000	1.2538	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	WINDX 5	-7.9771	0.0000	-79.8217	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	COMBI 1	-1.9718	0.0000	12.5697	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	COMB2 2	-2.4943	0.0000	13.8235	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	COMB3 3	-7.4617	0.0000	-50.4390	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	COMB4 4	-7.8536	0.0000	-49.4986	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

\*\*\*\*\*

COETRUS  
2-D Aircraft Hanger Example

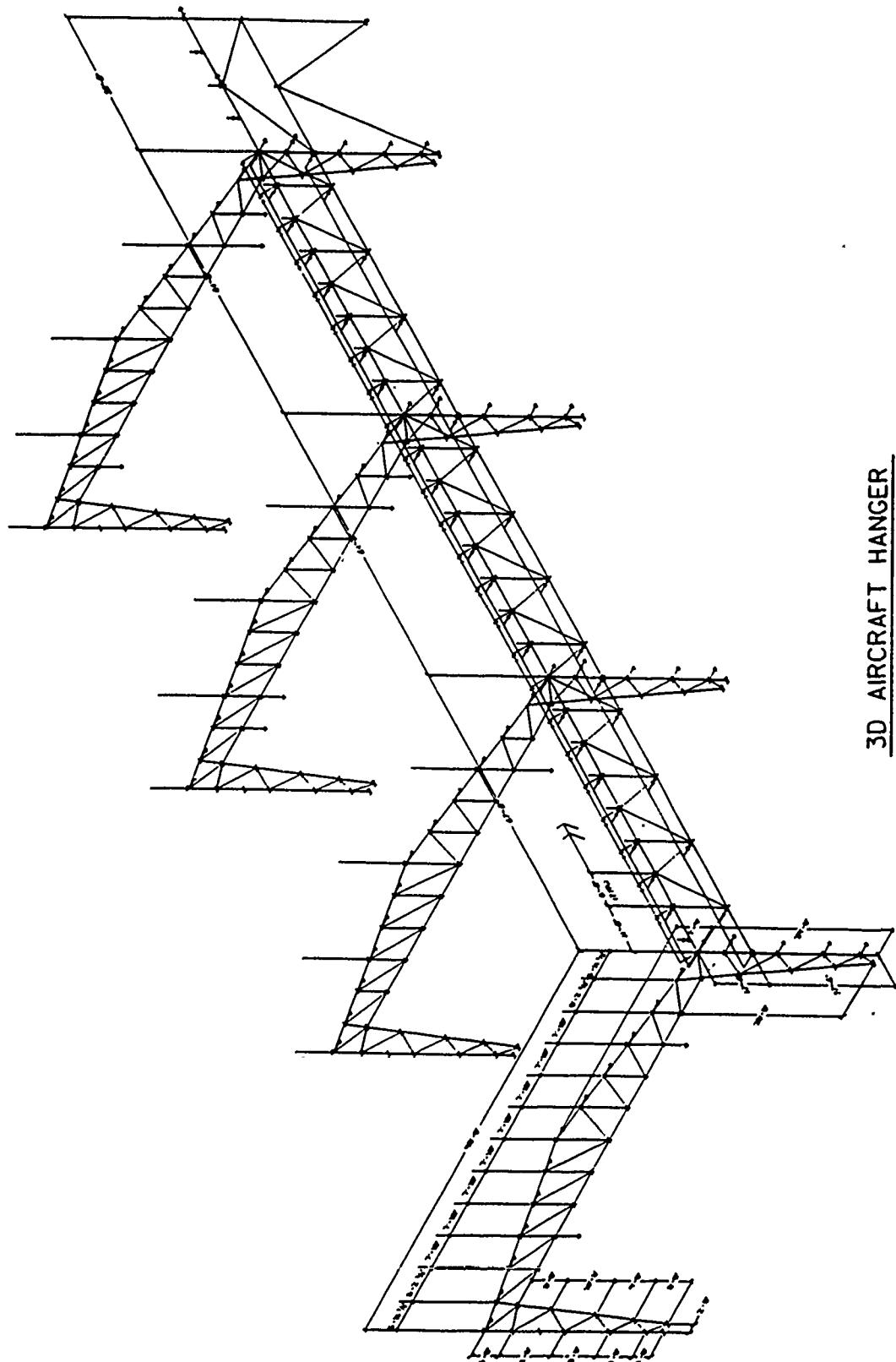
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Analysis No. 10 Thin Shell Page 3

\*\*\* Support Reactions \*\*\*

Quantity	Limit	Value	Unit	Node	Ldcm/b/Cs
FX	Max	3.1577	KPS	1	COMB2 2
	Min	-7.9771	KPS	16	WINDX 5
FY	Max	0.0000	KPS	1	BODY 1
	Min	0.0000	KPS	1	BODY 1
FZ	Max	87.2167	KPS	14	WINDX 5
	Min	-87.2170	KPS	1	WINDX 5
MX	Max	0.0000	FT-KPS	1	BODY 1
	Min	0.0000	FT-KPS	1	BODY 1
MY	Max	0.0000	FT-KPS	1	BODY 1
	Min	0.0000	FT-KPS	1	BODY 1
MZ	Max	0.0000	FT-KPS	1	BODY 1
	Min	0.0000	FT-KPS	1	BODY 1

**APPENDIX E**

**EXAMPLE NO. 4 - 3D AIRCRAFT HANGER**



3D AIRCRAFT HANGER

\*\*\*\*\*

HANGER

3D ANALYSIS OF AN AIRCRAFT HANGER

IRM REV 8.8.3  
ANALYSIS NO.9

OCT 6, 1989 09:32  
THIN SHELL

PAGE 1

\*\*\* Units Definition \*\*\*

Unit Group	Unit
1 - Lengths	FEET
2 - Element Properties	INCHES
3 - Forces	KIPS
4 - Angles	DEGREES
5 - Displacements	INCHES
6 - Masses	MASS
7 - Time	SECONDS
8 - Stress Forces	KIPS

Vertical Axis = Y

Gravitational Constant (g) = 32.2 FT /SEC /SEC

\*\*\*\*\*

HANGER

3D ANALYSIS OF AN AIRCRAFT HANGER

IRM REV 8.8.3  
ANALYSIS NO.9

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THIN SHELL

PAGE 2

\*\*\* Material Property Tables \*\*\*

Name/No.	Table Data
STEEL	Material Type = ISOTROPIC
1	Modulus of Elasticity (E) = 30000.002 ksi.
	Poisson's Ratio (ν) = 0.3
	Shear Modulus (G) = 11538.4619 ksi.
	Alpha = 0.0

\*\*\*\*\*

HANGER  
3D ANALYSIS OF AN AIRCRAFT HANGER

IRM REV 8.8.3  
ANALYSIS NO.9

THIN SHELL

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PAGE 3

\*\*\* Load Cases \*\*\*

Name/No. Table Data

LC1	Analysis type	= Static
1	Load case type	= Dead load
	Status	= Active
	Level	= 9
	Color	= 2
	Convert nodal loads to masses	= No
LC2	Analysis type	= Static
2	Load case type	= Dead load
	Status	= Active
	Level	= 9
	Color	= 2
	Convert nodal loads to masses	= No
LC4	Analysis type	= Static
3	Load case type	= Dead load
	Status	= Active
	Level	= 9
	Color	= 2
	Convert nodal loads to masses	= No
LC3	Analysis type	= Static
4	Load case type	= Dead load
	Status	= Active
	Level	= 9
	Color	= 2
	Convert nodal loads to masses	= No
LC5	Analysis type	= Static
5	Load case type	= Dead load
	Status	= Active
	Level	= 9
	Color	= 2
	Convert nodal loads to masses	= No

\*\*\*\*\*

HANGER  
3D ANALYSIS OF AN AIRCRAFT HANGER

\*\*\*\*\*  
IRM REV 8.8.3 OCT 6, 1989 09:32  
ANALYSIS NO.9 THIN SHELL PAGE 4

\*\*\* Load Combinations \*\*\*

None

\*\*\*\*\*

HANGER  
3D ANALYSIS OF AN AIRCRAFT HANGER

IRM REV 8.8.3

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ANALYSIS NO.9

THIN SHELL

PAGE 5

\*\*\* Nodal Loads \*\*\*

Node Id/Label	Loc Type	Load Glob	Load Case	Load	Vector or Dof	Load Type
2	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.200	(0,-1,0)
3	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.200	(0,-1,0)
4	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.200	(0,-1,0)
5	VEC	GLOB		LC4	-6.000	(-1,0,0)
6	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.200	(0,-1,0)
	VEC	GLOB		LC3	6.000	(0,-1,0)
7	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
9	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.200	(0,-1,0)
10	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.200	(0,-1,0)
11	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.200	(0,-1,0)
12	VEC	GLOB		LC4	-6.000	(-1,0,0)
13	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.200	(0,-1,0)
	VEC	GLOB		LC3	6.000	(0,-1,0)
14	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
21	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-18.050	(0,0,1)
	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
28	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-18.050	(0,0,1)
	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
34	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
40	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
41	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
42	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-36.100	(0,0,1)
	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
43	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
44	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
45	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-36.100	(0,0,1)
	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
46	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
47	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
48	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-36.100	(0,0,1)
	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
49	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
57	VEC	GLOB		LC2	18.500	(0,0,-1)
64	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
70	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
71	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
72	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-36.100	(0,0,1)
	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
73	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
74	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)

\*\*\*\*\*

HANGER  
3D ANALYSIS OF AN AIRCRAFT HANGER

IRM REV 8.8.3  
ANALYSIS NO.9

THIN SHELL

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PAGE 6

\*\*\* Nodal Loads \*\*\*

Node Id/Label	Loc Type	Load Case	Load	Vector or Dof	Load Type
75	VEC GLOB	LC1	-36.100	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)	FOR
76	VEC GLOB	LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)	FOR
77	VEC GLOB	LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)	FOR
78	VEC GLOB	LC1	-36.100	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)	FOR
79	VEC GLOB	LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)	FOR
80	VEC GLOB	LC1	9.000	(0,0,-1)	FOR
81	VEC GLOB	LC2	9.250	(0,0,-1)	FOR
87	VEC GLOB	LC2	9.250	(0,0,-1)	FOR
88	VEC GLOB	LC1	9.000	(0,0,-1)	FOR
90	VEC GLOB	LC3	1.200	(0,-1,0)	FOR
91	VEC GLOB	LC3	1.200	(0,-1,0)	FOR
92	VEC GLOB	LC3	1.200	(0,-1,0)	FOR
93	VEC GLOB	LC4	-6.000	(-1,0,0)	FOR
94	VEC GLOB	LC3	1.200	(0,-1,0)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	LC3	6.000	(0,-1,0)	FOR
95	VEC GLOB	LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)	FOR
102	VEC GLOB	LC1	-18.050	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)	FOR
108	VEC GLOB	LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)	FOR
114	VEC GLOB	LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)	FOR
115	VEC GLOB	LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)	FOR
116	VEC GLOB	LC1	-36.100	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)	FOR
117	VEC GLOB	LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)	FOR
118	VEC GLOB	LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)	FOR
119	VEC GLOB	LC1	-36.100	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)	FOR
120	VEC GLOB	LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)	FOR
121	VEC GLOB	LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)	FOR
122	VEC GLOB	LC1	-36.100	(0,0,1)	FOR
	VEC GLOB	LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)	FOR
123	VEC GLOB	LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)	FOR
124	VEC GLOB	LC1	9.000	(0,0,-1)	FOR
131	VEC GLOB	LC2	18.500	(0,0,-1)	FOR
132	VEC GLOB	LC1	9.000	(0,0,-1)	FOR
133	VEC GLOB	LC1	-2.300	(0,0,1)	FOR
134	VEC GLOB	LC1	-2.300	(0,0,1)	FOR
135	VEC GLOB	LC1	-2.300	(0,0,1)	FOR

HANGER  
3D ANALYSIS OF AN AIRCRAFT HANGER

IBM REV 8.8.3  
ANALYSIS NO.9

THIN SHELL

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PAGE 7

\*\*\* Modal Loads \*\*\*

Node Id/Label	Loc Type	Load Glob	Load Case	Load	Vector or Bof	Load Type
136	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-2.300	(0,0,1)
137	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-2.300	(0,0,1)
138	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-2.300	(0,0,1)
139	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-2.300	(0,0,1)
144	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-2.300	(0,0,1)
145	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-2.300	(0,0,1)
146	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-2.300	(0,0,1)
147	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-2.300	(0,0,1)
148	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-2.300	(0,0,1)
149	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-2.300	(0,0,1)
150	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-2.300	(0,0,1)
155	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-2.300	(0,0,1)
156	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-2.300	(0,0,1)
157	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-2.300	(0,0,1)
158	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-2.300	(0,0,1)
159	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-2.300	(0,0,1)
160	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-2.300	(0,0,1)
161	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-2.300	(0,0,1)
166	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
167	VEC	GLOB		LC4	-6.000	(-1,0,0)
169	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.200	(0,-1,0)
170	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.200	(0,-1,0)
171	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.200	(0,-1,0)
172	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.200	(0,-1,0)
	VEC	GLOB		LC3	6.000	(0,-1,0)
179	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-18.050	(0,0,1)
	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
185	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
191	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
192	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
193	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-36.100	(0,0,1)
	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
194	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
195	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
196	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-36.100	(0,0,1)
	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
197	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
198	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)
199	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-36.100	(0,0,1)
	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)

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3D ANALYSIS OF AN AIRCRAFT HANGER

\*\*\*\*\*  
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\*\*\* Modal Loads \*\*\*

Node Id/Label	Loc Type	Loc Glob	Load Case	Load	Vector or Dof	Load Type	
200	VEC	GLOB		LC3	1.740	(0,-1,0)	FOR
202	VEC	GLOB		LC2	9,250	(0,0,-1)	FOR
208	VEC	GLOB		LC2	9,250	(0,0,-1)	FOR
212	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-2,300	(0,0,1)	FOR
213	VEC	GLOB		LC1	-2,300	(0,0,1)	FOR

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\*\*\* Line Element Loads \*\*\*

Element Label/Id	Load Case	Type	Frame	Load Dir	Abs/Rel (Velocity)	Location (Shape Factor)
244	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	
	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
245	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	
	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
246	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	
	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
247	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	
	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
248	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	
	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
249	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	
	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
250	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	
	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
251	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	
	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
252	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
253	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
254	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
255	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
256	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
269	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	
	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
270	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	
	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	

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3D ANALYSIS OF AN AIRCRAFT HANGER

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\*\*\* Line Element Loads \*\*\*

Element Label/Id	Load Case	Type	Frame	Load Dir (Velocity)	Abs/Rel	Location (Shape Factor)
271	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	
	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
272	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	
	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
273	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	
	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
274	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	
	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
275	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	
	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
276	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	
	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
277	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
278	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
279	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
280	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
281	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
294	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	
	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
295	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	
	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
296	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	
	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
297	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	
	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	

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\*\*\* Line Element Loads \*\*\*

Element Label/Id	Load Case	Type	Frame	Load Dir (Velocity)	Abs/Rel	Location (Shape Factor)
298	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	
	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
299	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	
	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
300	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	
	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
301	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
302	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
303	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
304	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
316	LC1	CONCEN	GLOBAL	Z	-2.300	ABS 3.000
	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	
	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
318	LC5	DIST	GLOBAL	Y	-0.120	
402	LC1	CONCEN	GLOBAL	Z	-2.300	ABS 8.000
	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	
403	LC1	CONCEN	GLOBAL	Z	-2.300	ABS 8.000
	LC4	DIST	GLOBAL	X	0.120	

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3D ANALYSIS OF AN AIRCRAFT HANGER

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\*\*\* Support Reactions \*\*\*

Node	Gas/Cmb	FX KPS	FY KPS	FZ KPS	MX FT-KPS	MY FT-KPS	MZ FT-KPS
<hr/>							
1	LC1 1	-3.764e-03	0.1414	51.5898	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC2 2	3.174e-05	0.0632	1.7657	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC4 3	-0.1724	-1.444e-04	-0.0654	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC3 4	2.469e-03	-0.3515	144.2092	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC5 5	1.273e-04	-0.3722	76.3472	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
8	LC1 1	3.237e-03	0.1618	57.4144	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC2 2	8.334e-06	0.0222	7.3836	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC4 3	-0.1475	-1.083e-03	-0.5122	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC3 4	3.066e-03	-0.3494	144.0016	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC5 5	5.061e-04	-0.3566	73.1910	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
15	LC1 1	-9.354e-07	-0.1412	51.4570	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC2 2	6.193e-06	0.0200	13.2128	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC4 3	2.759e-05	2.413e-05	9.909e-03	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC3 4	-9.794e-07	-0.3922	-138.0613	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC5 5	-1.161e-03	-0.2009	-69.8883	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
21	LC1 1	4.583e-06	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC2 2	-3.758e-05	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC4 3	-2.100e-04	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC3 4	6.553e-06	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC5 5	7.034e-03	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

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\*\*\* Support Reactions \*\*\*

Node	Gas/Cmb	IX KPS	FY KPS	FZ KPS	MX FT-KPS	MY FT-KPS	MZ FT-KPS
<hr/>							
22	LC1 1	-9.635e-07	-0.1630	58.1963	0.0000	0.0900	0.0000
	LC2 2	4.711e-06	-0.0215	7.5825	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC4 3	2.155e-05	1.952e-04	0.0795	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC3 4	-9.229e-07	-0.3905	-137.7014	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC5 5	9.187e-04	-0.1922	-66.9686	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
28	LC1 1	6.576e-06	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC2 2	-2.856e-05	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC4 3	-1.587e-04	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC3 4	6.225e-06	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC5 5	-5.556e-03	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0900	0.0000
29	LC1 1	-5.190e-07	-11.2074	20.7408	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC2 2	-8.131e-08	-2.0223	-9.1136	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC4 3	3.620e-05	-1.149e-03	-8.243e-03	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC3 4	-5.173e-07	15.5225	130.2448	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC5 5	3.716e-05	7.8543	66.6324	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
35	LC1 1	5.190e-07	11.2074	20.8444	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC2 2	8.131e-08	1.9604	12.6537	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC4 3	-3.620e-05	1.267e-03	-0.0852	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC3 4	5.173e-07	18.6406	-136.4078	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC5 5	-3.716e-05	10.1058	-73.1204	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

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\*\*\* Support Reactions \*\*\*

Node	Gas/Cmb	FX KPS	FY KPS	YZ KPS	MX FT-KPS	MY FT-KPS	MZ FT-KPS
59	LC1 1	-5.995e-07	-13.0001	23.0209	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC2 2	-7.615e-08	-2.0135	1.6720	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC4 3	2.608e-05	-9.241e-03	-0.0667	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC3 4	-4.419e-07	15.5244	129.8627	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC5 5	-3.489e-05	7.5448	63.8318	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
65	LC1 1	5.995e-07	13.0009	22.2235	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC2 2	7.615e-08	1.9911	1.8389	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC4 3	-2.608e-05	9.895e-03	-0.6552	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC3 4	4.419e-07	18.6360	-135.7733	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC5 5	3.489e-05	9.7073	-70.0318	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
89	LC1 1	-0.0255	0.1572	56.0116	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC2 2	-2.314e-05	0.0640	1.6259	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC4 3	-25.3971	-3.681e-03	-46.7342	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC3 4	-6.322e-03	-0.3507	143.3361	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC5 5	-3.914e-03	-0.1325	27.1509	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
96	LC1 1	-4.408e-06	-0.1630	58.2946	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC2 2	-2.798e-05	0.0204	13.3637	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC4 3	2.038e-05	1.953e-03	0.6998	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC3 4	-2.669e-06	-0.3902	-137.6105	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC5 5	-3.078e-03	-0.0714	-24.8876	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

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\*\*\* Support Reactions \*\*\*

Node	Case/Cub	FX KPS	FY KPS	FZ KPS	MX FT-KPS	MY FT-KPS	MZ FT-KPS
102	LC1 1						
	LC2 2	2.107e-05	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC4 3	1.696e-04	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC3 4	-1.337e-04	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC5 5	1.306e-05	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
103	LC1 1	0.0186	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC2 2	-7.909e-07	-13.0090	22.9713	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC4 3	3.339e-07	-2.0411	-9.2657	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC3 4	1.848e-05	-0.0781	-0.6473	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC5 5	-1.490e-07	15.5096	129.7886	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
109	LC1 1	1.023e-04	2.8032	23.7223	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC2 2	7.909e-07	13.0149	19.9003	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC4 3	-3.339e-07	1.9642	12.7933	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC3 4	-1.848e-05	0.0797	-3.0838	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC5 5	1.490e-07	18.6511	-136.6190	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
168	LC1 1	-1.023e-04	3.6052	-26.0774	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC2 2	0.0367	0.1321	47.1577	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC4 3	-2.874e-04	0.0218	7.4493	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC3 4	-0.1876	-3.277e-05	-0.0172	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC5 5	1.350e-03	-0.3515	144.2225	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

**HANGER**  
**3D ANALYSIS OF AN AIRCRAFT HANGER**

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\*\*\* Support Reactions \*\*\*

Node	Gas/Cab	FX KPS	FY KPS	FZ KPS	MX FT-KPS	MY FT-KPS	MZ FT-KPS
173	LC1 1	1.780e-05	-0.1395	52.1495	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC2 2	-2.686e-05	-0.0216	7.5115	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC4 3	2.695e-05	5.627e-06	2.171e-03	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC3 4	-4.285e-08	-0.3922	-138.0671	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC5 5	3.494e-03	-0.0752	-26.1706	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
179	LC1 1	-7.882e-05	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC2 2	1.629e-04	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC4 3	-2.128e-04	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC3 4	1.071e-06	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC5 5	-0.0212	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
180	LC1 1	1.090e-07	-11.2873	20.1570	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC2 2	3.188e-07	-1.9937	1.7399	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC4 3	3.879e-05	-2.437e-04	-1.880e-03	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC3 4	-5.425e-07	15.5232	130.2504	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC5 5	-1.094e-04	2.9413	24.9505	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
186	LC1 1	-1.090e-07	11.2948	15.2025	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC2 2	-3.188e-07	1.9866	1.7934	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC4 3	-3.879e-05	5.901e-04	-0.0217	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC3 4	5.425e-07	18.6407	-136.4043	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC5 5	1.094e-04	3.7782	-27.3452	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

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\*\*\* Support Reactions \*\*\*

Node	Gas/Cab	FX KPS	FY KPS	FZ KPS	MX FT-KPS	MY FT-KPS	MZ FT-KPS
214	LC1 1	-0.0106	-3.469e-18	3.8682	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC2 2	4.800e-05	0.0000	-7.106e-03	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC4 3	-25.3348	2.168e-19	51.1078	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC3 4	-5.851e-04	0.0000	0.7287	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	LC5 5	-2.116e-04	-3.469e-18	0.0743	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

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\*\*\* Support Reactions \*\*\*

Quantity	Limit	Value	Unit	Node	Ldcm3/Cs
FX	Max	0.0367	KPS	168	LC1 1
	Min	-25.3971	KPS	89	LC4 3
FY	Max	18.6511	KPS	109	LC3 4
	Min	-13.0090	KPS	103	LC1 1
FZ	Max	144.2225	KPS	168	LC3 4
	Min	-138.0671	KPS	173	LC3 4
MX	Max	0.0000	FT-KPS	1	LC1 1
	Min	0.0000	FT-KPS	1	LC1 1
MY	Max	0.0000	FT-KPS	1	LC1 1
	Min	0.0000	FT-KPS	1	LC1 1
MZ	Max	0.0000	FT-KPS	1	LC1 1
	Min	0.0000	FT-KPS	1	LC1 1